

recover the damages by him sustained and the cost of suit by reason of the failure of said automobile manufacturer from and after August 8, 1956, to act in good faith in performing or complying with any of the terms or provisions of the franchise, or in terminating, canceling, or not renewing the franchise with said dealer: *Provided*, That in any such suit the manufacturer shall not be barred from asserting in defense of any such action the failure of the dealer to act in good faith.

(Aug. 8, 1956, ch. 1038, § 2, 70 Stat. 1125.)

§ 1223. Limitations

Any action brought pursuant to this chapter shall be forever barred unless commenced within three years after the cause of action shall have accrued.

(Aug. 8, 1956, ch. 1038, § 3, 70 Stat. 1125.)

§ 1224. Antitrust laws as affected

No provision of this chapter shall repeal, modify, or supersede, directly or indirectly, any provision of the antitrust laws of the United States.

(Aug. 8, 1956, ch. 1038, § 4, 70 Stat. 1125.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The antitrust laws, referred to in the catchline and text, are classified generally to chapter 1 (§ 1 et seq.) of this title.

§ 1225. State laws as affected

This chapter shall not invalidate any provision of the laws of any State except insofar as there is a direct conflict between an express provision of this chapter and an express provision of State law which can not¹ be reconciled.

(Aug. 8, 1956, ch. 1038, § 5, 70 Stat. 1126.)

CHAPTER 28—DISCLOSURE OF AUTOMOBILE INFORMATION

Sec.	
1231.	Definitions.
1232.	Label and entry requirements.
1232a.	Repealed.
1233.	Violations and penalties.
	(a) Failure to affix required label.
	(b) Failure to endorse required label.
	(c) Removal, alteration, or illegibility of required label.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in title 18 section 2721.

§ 1231. Definitions

For purposes of this chapter—

(a) The term “manufacturer” shall mean any person engaged in the manufacturing or assembling of new automobiles, including any person importing new automobiles for resale and any person who acts for and is under the control of such manufacturer, assembler, or importer in connection with the distribution of new automobiles.

(b) The term “person” means an individual, partnership, corporation, business trust, or any organized group of persons.

(c) The term “automobile” includes any passenger car or station wagon.

(d) The term “new automobile” means an automobile the equitable or legal title to which has never been transferred by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer to an ultimate purchaser.

(e) The term “dealer” shall mean any person resident or located in the United States or any Territory thereof or in the District of Columbia engaged in the sale or the distribution of new automobiles to the ultimate purchaser.

(f) The term “final assembly point” means—

(1) in the case of a new automobile manufactured or assembled in the United States, or in any Territory of the United States, the plant, factory, or other place at which a new automobile is produced or assembled by a manufacturer and from which such automobile is delivered to a dealer in such a condition that all component parts necessary to the mechanical operation of such automobile are included with such automobile, whether or not such component parts are permanently installed in or on such automobile; and

(2) in the case of a new automobile imported into the United States, the port of importation.

(g) The term “ultimate purchaser” means, with respect to any new automobile, the first person, other than a dealer purchasing in his capacity as a dealer, who in good faith purchases such new automobile for purposes other than resale.

(h) The term “commerce” shall mean commerce among the several States of the United States or with foreign nations, or in any Territory of the United States or in the District of Columbia, or among the Territories or between any Territory and any State or foreign nation, or between the District of Columbia and any State or Territory or foreign nation. New automobiles delivered to, or for further delivery to, ultimate purchasers within the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Trust Territories of the Pacific, the Canal Zone, Wake Island, Midway Island, Kingman Reef, Johnson Island, or within any other place under the jurisdiction of the United States shall be deemed to have been distributed in commerce.

(Pub. L. 85-506, § 2, July 7, 1958, 72 Stat. 325; Pub. L. 92-359, July 28, 1972, 86 Stat. 502.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

For definition of Canal Zone, referred to in subsec. (h), see section 3602(b) of Title 22, Foreign Relations and Intercourse.

AMENDMENTS

1972—Subsec. (h). Pub. L. 92-359 inserted provision that new automobiles delivered to ultimate purchasers within the United States and other enumerated areas shall be deemed to have been distributed in commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section 5 of Pub. L. 85-506 provided that: “This Act [enacting this chapter] shall take effect on the first day of October 1958 or on the first day of the introduction of any new model of automobile in any line of automobile beginning after the date of enactment of this Act [July 7, 1958], whichever date shall last occur.”

¹ So in original. Should be “cannot”.

SHORT TITLE

Section 1 of Pub. L. 85-506 provided: "This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'Automobile Information Disclosure Act'."

TERMINATION OF TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

For termination of Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, see note set out preceding section 1681 of Title 48, Territories and Insular Possessions.

§ 1232. Label and entry requirements

Every manufacturer of new automobiles distributed in commerce shall, prior to the delivery of any new automobile to any dealer, or at or prior to the introduction date of new models delivered to a dealer prior to such introduction date, securely affix to the windshield, or side window of such automobile a label on which such manufacturer shall endorse clearly, distinctly and legibly true and correct entries disclosing the following information concerning such automobile—

- (a) the make, model, and serial or identification number or numbers;
- (b) the final assembly point;
- (c) the name, and the location of the place of business, of the dealer to whom it is to be delivered;
- (d) the name of the city or town at which it is to be delivered to such dealer;
- (e) the method of transportation used in making delivery of such automobile, if driven or towed from final assembly point to place of delivery; and
- (f) the following information:
 - (1) the retail price of such automobile suggested by the manufacturer;
 - (2) the retail delivered price suggested by the manufacturer for each accessory or item of optional equipment, physically attached to such automobile at the time of its delivery to such dealer, which is not included within the price of such automobile as stated pursuant to paragraph (1);
 - (3) the amount charged, if any, to such dealer for the transportation of such automobile to the location at which it is delivered to such dealer;
 - (4) the total of the amounts specified pursuant to paragraphs (1), (2), and (3).

(Pub. L. 85-506, § 3, July 7, 1958, 72 Stat. 326.)

CROSS REFERENCES

Failure to affix label, fine for, see section 1233 of this title.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 1233 of this title; title 49 sections 32304, 32908.

§ 1232a. Repealed. Pub. L. 92-178, title IV, § 401(g)(7)(A), Dec. 10, 1971, 85 Stat. 534

Section, Pub. L. 91-614, title III, § 304, Dec. 31, 1970, 84 Stat. 1845, related to Federal manufacturers excise tax on labels and provided for violations and penalties. It was not a part of the Automobile Information Disclosure Act, which comprises this chapter generally.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Section 401(g)(7)(B) of Pub. L. 92-178 provided that: "Subparagraph (A) [repealing this section] shall apply

to acts (or failures to act) after the date of the enactment of this Act [Dec. 10, 1971]."

§ 1233. Violations and penalties**(a) Failure to affix required label**

Any manufacturer of automobiles distributed in commerce who willfully fails to affix to any new automobile manufactured or imported by him the label required by section 1232 of this title shall be fined not more than \$1,000. Such failure with respect to each automobile shall constitute a separate offense.

(b) Failure to endorse required label

Any manufacturer of automobiles distributed in commerce who willfully fails to endorse clearly, distinctly and legibly any label as required by section 1232 of this title, or who makes a false endorsement of any such label, shall be fined not more than \$1,000. Such failure or false endorsement with respect to each automobile shall constitute a separate offense.

(c) Removal, alteration, or illegibility of required label

Any person who willfully removes, alters, or renders illegible any label affixed to a new automobile pursuant to section 1232 of this title, or any endorsement thereon, prior to the time that such automobile is delivered to the actual custody and possession of the ultimate purchaser of such new automobile, except where the manufacturer relabels the automobile in the event the same is rerouted, repurchased, or reacquired by the manufacturer of such automobile, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. Such removal, alteration, or rendering illegible with respect to each automobile shall constitute a separate offense.

(Pub. L. 85-506, § 4, July 7, 1958, 72 Stat. 326.)

CHAPTER 29—MANUFACTURE, TRANSPORTATION, OR DISTRIBUTION OF SWITCHBLADE KNIVES

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| Sec.
1241.
1242.

1243.

1244.
1245. | Definitions.
Introduction, manufacture for introduction, transportation or distribution in interstate commerce; penalty.
Manufacture, sale, or possession within specific jurisdictions; penalty.
Exceptions.
Ballistic knives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Prohibition and penalties for possession, manufacture, sale, or importation. (b) Prohibition and penalties for possession or use during commission of Federal crime of violence. (c) Exceptions. (d) "Ballistic knife" defined. |
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§ 1241. Definitions

As used in this chapter—

(a) The term "interstate commerce" means commerce between any State, Territory, possession of the United States, or the District of Columbia, and any place outside thereof.

(b) The term "switchblade knife" means any knife having a blade which opens automatically—